Improving Rehabilitation Services for the Elderly in North East Glasgow: Lightburn Hospital

Informing and Engaging Report

December 2016

1. Introduction

When NHS Boards are considering and proposing new services or changes to existing services a consistent and robust process of stakeholder engagement is required. The Scottish Government’s CEL4 (2010) was developed to assist Boards on their engagement with patients, the public and stakeholders and was used as the framework for engaging on this proposal.

The following report describes the engagement process for this proposal, outlining the activities undertaken to inform and engage with patients, carers and interested parties and the feedback that has been heard through this. NHSGGC formally started informing and engaging on this proposal on the 01 September and welcomed comments and feedback on it until 06 December 2016.

2. Stakeholder Reference Group

2.1. The engagement process started with establishing a Stakeholder Reference Group (SRG) to support and guide NHSGGC on how it informs and engages with people on the proposal. The SRG was to be reflective of people potentially affected by the proposal with representatives from patients, carers, older peoples, community or health related groups or organisations with an interest in the area. An invitation to participate in the SRG was sent to 11 organisations/groups on 26 August and across the meetings there was representatives from:

- Glasgow Older Peoples Welfare Association
- North East Glasgow Public Partnership Forum
- North East Glasgow Older People’s Forum
- East Dunbartonshire Seniors Forum
- Alzheimer’s Scotland
- Community Connectors Programme

2.2. Several of the Public Partners participating had personal knowledge and experience of family members using some of the facilities and services being considered in the proposal. In addition representatives were invited, but did not attend from:

- Parkinson’s Support Scotland
- North Glasgow Parkinson’s Group
- East Glasgow Carers
- North East Glasgow Carers
- North West Glasgow Public Partnership Forum

2.3. The first SRG meeting reviewed presentations on the proposed model and the engagement process, and the draft Involvement and Communications Plan was also
tabled for discussion. Feedback and comments shape our thinking on how to inform and engage with people on the proposal. An officer from the Scottish Health Council (SHC) was in attendance and provided feedback about the meeting. The public partners were overall very supportive of the proposal and during discussion points raised included:

- Public’s lack of awareness of care home based NHS rehabilitation beds and wider movements towards delivering more community and home-based rehabilitation services for the elderly.
- Access and transfer to the sites using public, personal and ambulance transport and how visitors travelling from the East End of Glasgow to Stobhill might particularly be affected.
- What information materials might be required and how best to publicise and share these.

2.4. The second SRG meeting reviewed the content of the draft Information Leaflet, discussed plans for the public events, and the work undertaken to-date on analysing transport. The meeting was held in Stobhill Hospital where several members, who hadn’t seen the facilities, visited and were impressed by the inpatient wards and day hospital. An officer from the SHC was in attendance and provided feedback about the meeting. Points raised through discussion at this meeting included:

- Distribution of the Information Leaflet, the advertising of the public events and alternative arrangements for meetings with local groups if required.
- Format and content of the public events and how these might be structured to best inform and engage with attendees to encourage participation.
- The wide catchment area being considered and how transport and access issues varied across it, primarily as a consequence of public transport links to Lightburn and Stobhill.

2.5. A third SRG meeting took place to review the public events and feedback heard through the process to date. Public partners were asked to consider the proposal, the engagement undertaken and feedback heard, and to use their experience and local knowledge to appraise options to meet the service model principles (further detail of options review throughout the process can be found in Appendix 1). An officer from the SHC was in attendance and provided feedback about the meeting. Points raised through discussion at this meeting included:

- The round table discussion at the events had been productive and generated useful information and the summary note was an accurate reflection of the proceedings.
- That the feedback captured to date had been comprehensive, this initiated further discussion about:
  - How the very elderly, due to their knowledge and perceptions of modern hospitals and care homes, might be more resistant to the proposal; however family and carers who themselves might be older will recognise that it’s about providing the best treatment and care for the target population.
  - Access and public transport would predominantly be an issue for a very small number of potential visitors to Stobhill travelling from the east of Glasgow.
Whether the options and assessment criteria presented at the events and tabled at the meeting were fully understood and had their performance been looked at satisfactorily against the criteria.

The options and benefits of the proposal were very clear and acceptable to the public partners; however they agreed that more experiential information describing the pathways/journey from a patient’s perspective might help with wider public understanding.

Clarifying the public partner’s understanding of the next steps in the process and how their input and feedback would be presented to the Board.

3. Informing and Engaging Programme

The programme of engagement was shaped through discussion with the SRG and a range of methods and materials have been used to engage with and invite feedback from people from across the area. This included:

3.1. Direct correspondence
A letter or email was sent to 249 community contacts from across the area, such as patients, carers, older peoples and health related groups and organisations and community councils. The Glasgow Council for Voluntary Sector database was used to identify 137 local contacts; a further 74 contacts were emailed directly via East Dunbartonshire Voluntary Action; and 38 active Community Councils were identified via local authority websites. This correspondence informed them that; the engagement process had started; what activities we were planning; and how to get in touch with the Patient Experience and Public Involvement Manager dedicated to facilitating the process. Correspondence was also sent to Councillors and MSPs from across the area to inform them about the engagement. An update with a copy of the Information Leaflet and a flyer advertising the public events was sent to the same community contacts as before and to councillors and MSPs.

3.2. Information Leaflet
In addition to being sent to community groups the Information Leaflet was made available in all public and patient areas in Lightburn Hospital and distributed across GRI elderly inpatient wards. It contained easy to understand information about the proposal with details of how people could get in touch to provide feedback and comments.

3.3. MSP Briefing
A briefing session was held for MSPs.

3.4. Public Meetings
The Patient Experience and Public Involvement Manager facilitating the engagement process met with and heard feedback from; North East Public Partnership Forum with 13 members in attendance; and the Baillieston Tenants Association with 17 members in attendance.

3.5. Public Events
Two public events were held on Wednesday 2 November in the Fullarton Park Hotel in the East of Glasgow to talk to people about the proposal. They were delivered jointly with the HSCP and consisted of presentations followed by question and
answer sessions and round table discussion to enable people to contribute to and feedback on the proposal and options (further detail of options review throughout the process can be found in Appendix 1). At each session senior clinical and AHP staff were available to answer any questions about the proposal. Information was presented about the proposal and how people could help shape the thinking around the options. Details were provided about how the proposed changes and new pathways for elderly rehabilitation would meet goals of providing care in the most appropriate setting by:

- Focussing inpatient acute care on sites with full acute facilities and medical cover
- Developing community beds and rehabilitation teams
- Providing more medically intensive day hospitals with less attendances
- Providing outpatient and Parkinson's services in accessible facilities

The thinking behind the options was outlined for inpatients, day hospital and outpatient services and it was explained how the process of engagement and feedback helps shape the proposal and how it is reported to NHSGGC Board.

The North East Glasgow HSCP presented information about community services for older people and the focus on maintaining their independence, health and wellbeing through access to the right service at the right time. There was also information about the HSCP's vision, to invest East End of Glasgow and work with people to develop a new health and social care hub.

The first session was attended by 23 people including 5 local councillors and 2 representatives from MP/MSPs. The second session was attended by 13 people including 1 local MSP. An officer from the SHC was in attendance at each session and carried out a participant evaluation that found:

- Most people felt they received enough easy to understand information in advance
- More than half agreed that the reasons for the review had been explained clearly.
- More than half felt they had influence over agreeing the criteria for and exploring and suggesting other options.
- Most felt they had the opportunity to ask questions and that these were answered.
- Most felt that they had opportunity to raise issues or concerns about the process and proposal and that their views were listened to

3.6. Drop-ins
Three drop-in sessions were held in Lightburn Hospital covering a morning, early evening and afternoon to allow patients, their carers, family and friends to feedback. Twenty-five people ranging from carers, visitors, day hospital and outpatients were engaged with at the sessions.

3.7. Movement Disorder Clinics
Letters were sent to 291 patients who currently attend Lightburn consultant and nurse-led outpatient movement disorder clinics. This outlined the proposal and invited patients to feedback with their views.
3.8. Other Communication
Information about the proposal and how people could get involved was available on a dedicated NHSGGC webpage that was subsequently referred to in all printed materials and letters. It was updated regularly to provide an ongoing account of the engagement including; the minutes and papers for the SRG meetings; and the summary note, presentations and information materials for the public events. Corporate Communications issued press releases and provided information about the proposal and public events in the Health News insert within the Evening Times. They also used the NHSGGC Twitter account to promote the website, public events and encourage feedback. A poster was developed and emailed to all North East Sector GP practices for display in waiting areas.

3.9. Public Meeting
A public meeting was held by local MSP NHSGGC attended as an observer as requested. Approximately 70 people attended, a substantial number were NHS staff. Contributors spoke of experiences of using Lightburn Hospital highlighting the excellent care they had received. Concerns were raised about the proposal relating to transport access, the use of care homes, the impact of closing the hospital on the local community and the desire to see a new development on the site.

3.10. Equality and Accessibility
The involvement and engagement was developed to be fully accessible to all communities. Throughout, we used easy to read information, presented in easy to read formats. If required, information could be provided in alternative languages or formats. We used the internet to host papers and information to help make them accessible to a wider population or those who have difficulty in travelling. We ensured that all meeting venues for the stakeholder reference group or for public events were fully accessible. We ensured our engagement did not negatively impact on people based on age, sex, race or any other protected characteristics.

4. Feedback, Comments and Concerns Heard
All feedback, comments and concerns heard throughout the engagement process were captured and collated (see Appendix 2 for summary points of all feedback heard). In addition to the 81 people engaged with directly at events, drop-ins, and public meetings we received feedback from patient and public stakeholders via 20 emails, 1 letter and 11 telephone calls. We also heard feedback from local politicians, groups and organisations via 7 emails and 1 letter. The main themes heard in relation to the proposal were:

4.1. Access
For people living in Glasgow’s East End, Stobhill Hospital is felt to be a considerable distance away and is difficult to access for those travelling by public transport. People understand that most patients will attend services using ambulance or patient transport, but without access to a car, visitors to Stobhill might be limited when travelling from the East End. Lightburn was largely seen as a local hospital by people from the East End; however some patients and their carers from that area described it as difficult to reach by public transport. The majority of people from across the catchment described the GRI as easy to access by public transport.
4.2. Lack of knowledge about community based services
There is a general lack of awareness of services in place to provide rehabilitation at home or in a more homely setting. People did not understand what we meant by intermediate care, step-up or step down beds, or that these were commissioned and staffed by NHSGGC to provide rehabilitation in a care home setting. People were also unaware of the work at the GRI to assess elderly patients and intervene earlier with a package of care to enable people to return to and receive rehabilitation in their own homes.

4.3. Perception of care homes
There is a historical view of care homes not being part of ongoing treatment and care and being the place people go ‘when nothing else can be done’. This might lead to resistance in the patient and a stressful experience for families and carers. There were also concerns about incurring or ongoing costs of care provided in care homes.

4.4. Physical Environment
There was feedback from patients and carers that Lightburn was a better environment for elderly patients as it ‘did not feel like a hospital’ and places like Stobhill were too big and clinical. However, for those that had been to Stobhill they described it positively.

4.5. Level of care
People praised the multidisciplinary team approach at Lightburn and the excellent care provided across all the services. Some people expressed concern that this might change if services and staff were to relocate elsewhere.

4.6. Lack of investment/services in East End
There were concerns that the proposal was a cost cutting exercise and some people expressed a perceived lack of investment in services across the East End; however, people from the area did recognise the GRI as a local hospital. People asked if Lightburn could be invested in to meet the requirements of services clinical needs.

4.7. Movement disorder clinic
To date 13 patients or carers have contacted us and 7 have expressed a preference for the clinic moving to the GRI, with 4 preferring neither wanting it to stay at Lightburn, and 1 preferring Stobhill.

4.8. The Proposal
Beyond the concerns expressed, people generally understood the clinical reasons behind the proposal and that we wanted to improve services and care for the elderly across the catchment area. Some carers liked the idea of a ‘one stop shop’ without having to travel for further investigations and reducing repeat visits.

4.9. Local Politicians Groups and Organisations
Three MSPs, 4 local councillors, Parkinson’s UK in Scotland, Save Lightburn Campaign Group and a local housing association submitted correspondence. Two MSPs opposed this and other concurrent proposals, the other correspondence raised a range of issues seen as contrary to this proposal with some including requests for additional information. The issues raised reflected
those previously mentioned with a focus on the provision of local services, public transport and accessibility to other sites for people in the East End. The requests for additional information mainly called for more detailed descriptors of what the proposed service provision would look like, the effect on the overall provision in the North East and information on costs.
Appendix 1: Options Review

At various points during the engagement, the options to meet the proposal’s service model principles were raised and discussed with stakeholders.

1. The process of engaging on options was discussed during the first SRG meeting when public stakeholders asked about alternatives to what was being proposed. It was made clear, that at this early stage, this was the Board’s preferred option with the other being status quo; however other options might be raised during the engagement process and those options would be brought to the SRG for consideration. A Public Partner stated that the SRG had to be realistic, and even as a resident in the East End they would prefer to go to a facility such as Stobhill Hospital to access the full range of services outlined.

2. At both public events we presented and provided handouts and other information about the proposal and how people could help shape thinking around the options presented during the event. This included:

- The current pattern of services and a summary of the previous year’s activity at Lightburn Hospital
- The strategic direction, why the proposal was developed and the proposed new pathways
- The proposed assessment criteria and tables for reviewing the options for:
  - inpatient beds;
  - day hospital;
  - general outpatients;
  - Parkinson’s services.

2.1. The thinking behind the proposal, its development and options being presented were explained with the criteria that we thought should be used to assess them. We welcomed discussion and comment on the offered options and criteria, asked if there were any alternatives and provided further opportunity to question, comment or present alternative options during the tabletop discussions. The criteria we asked each people to consider against each service area were:

- Access for patients and visitors
- Modern Acute Clinical Care
- Quality of Facilities
- Strategic Direction;
- Any other criteria?

2.2. The options we presented and asked people to consider for inpatient beds were:

- Status quo: beds at GRI, Lightburn, Stobhill with stroke and orthopaedic rehabilitation at Stobhill and GGH respectively.
- Our proposal: acute beds at GRI, Stobhill with stroke and orthopaedic rehabilitation at Stobhill and GGH respectively. Community beds at Greenfield Park
• Lightburn community beds: Community Beds at Lightburn: acute beds at GRI, Stobhill with stroke and orthopaedic rehabilitation at Stobhill and GGH respectively.
• No local beds: beds at GRI and Stobhill with stroke and orthopaedic rehabilitation at Stobhill and GGH respectively.
• Any other options?

2.3. The options we presented and asked people to consider for the day hospital were:
• Status quo: day hospital at Lightburn.
• Our proposal: day hospital at Stobhill
• Any other options?

2.4. The options we presented and asked people to consider for general outpatients were:
• Status quo: outpatients at Lightburn
• Outpatients at GRI
• Outpatients in community facility
• Outpatients at Stobhill
• Any other options?

2.5. The options we presented and asked people to consider for the Parkinson’s clinics were:
• Status quo: outpatients at Lightburn
• Outpatients at GRI
• Outpatients in community facility
• Outpatients at Stobhill
• Any other options?

2.6. In addition to the clinical services provided at Lightburn there was information and options presented about where the local Parkinson’s Support Group might be relocated for their monthly meeting.

3. At the third SRG Meeting the Public Partners were asked to review the options with clinical and professional staff who work in the service. Following a review of the feedback to-date the public partners and staff were asked to consider what had been heard and to use their local, personal and professional knowledge and experience to review the options. We explained that this was how we saw elderly rehabilitation service being reprovided for the catchment area. Also a number of options for each service had been looked at and that the assessment criteria had been developed using feedback, such as access for patients and visitors, but that they had to meet local clinical aims, local strategic direction and be deliverable by Acute Services. People’s understanding was clarified before we asked them to assess the performance of the options against the criteria, whilst inviting comment, discussion and alternative options during the review.

3.1. Using the options and assessment criteria used for the public events was again used for each service area. A range of points were discussed as part of the review process including:
• Transport and accessibility with recognition that Stobhill will be more difficult for some visitors from the East End.
• The expected benefits to patients with improved clinical care and access to services meaning a shorter more intensive rehabilitation for inpatients allowing people to return their home or to a care home in their local area sooner.
• That having on-site access to more services for outpatients can improve time to diagnosis and reduce return visits.
• That people might question why these services cannot be provided locally; however physical space, infrastructure and footfall would make some of them unviable.
• The need to illustrate the models more clearly using more experiential patient journeys.
• That there will be resistance to change in some non-affected groups and possibly in the very elderly; however most patients just want the best available treatment.
• That a comparative map illustrating how the North East has relatively good access to a range of acute services and a major hospital in the GRI would be useful.
• The need for a stronger definition of the services provided within care homes and that these are community based NHS services with access to hospital teams.

3.2. With the exception of the discussion points there was no alternative options tabled and there was unanimous support from the Public Partners for the options presented and the proposal.
## Appendix 2: Changes to Rehabilitation Services in North East Glasgow and Lightburn Hospital

### Feedback Summary Points

The following feedback was heard by NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde (NHSGGC) when informing and engaging on their proposal about Changes to Rehabilitation Services in North East Glasgow and Lightburn Hospital.

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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Response</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08 Sep</td>
<td>Email</td>
<td>- Lightburn hospital is vital should be retained for easy access rehabilitation</td>
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<td>- Less hectic than general hospital</td>
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<td>- Closure will bring more pressure to other services</td>
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<td>19 Sep</td>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>- Lightburn is local with good public transport</td>
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<td>07 Oct</td>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>- Lightburn is local with good public transport, other sites are much harder to get to by public transport.</td>
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<td>13 Oct</td>
<td>NE PPF Meeting</td>
<td>- Stobhill poor access for visitors from East End by public transport</td>
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<td>- Need wider involvement in discharge process</td>
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<td>- Is it a new team for community rehab in home or existing as they are already stretched</td>
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<td>- You can wait a long time for a community based OT assessment, this delays discharge</td>
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<td>- Who pays for home adaptations if required</td>
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<td>01 Nov</td>
<td>Bailieston Tenants Association</td>
<td>- Travel to Stobhill is travel too far. A lot of pressure on people to travel further to other sites.</td>
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<td>- Closure of East End hospitals over the years</td>
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<td>- Stobhill difficult to access by public transport if not well</td>
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<td>- What about the Parkinson’s group at Lightburn?</td>
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<td>02 Nov</td>
<td>Public Events</td>
<td>- Public transport issues from East End to Stobhill</td>
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<td>- Added stress and cost to families getting Stobhill</td>
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<td>- SPT cutting bus services in East End and will affect this</td>
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<td>- People don’t want to go into a care home, added stress for patient and family</td>
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<td>- Where will terminally ill patients go</td>
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<td>- Will it cost more money to deliver services in the proposal</td>
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<td>- Community housing needs improving to keep people at home longer</td>
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<td>- Stobhill is a negative for people in East End so can more be done at the GRI</td>
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<td>- Is this about saving money, cost savings</td>
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<td>- East End is deprived and needs investment and not closure of services</td>
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<td>- Are services being deliberately not used and run down to justify the proposal</td>
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<td>- Ambulance transport already issue at Lightburn, will it be worse at Stobhill</td>
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<td>- Previously a major service change, why not now</td>
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<td>- Stobhill sounds nice, but too difficult to get to</td>
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<td>- If guarantees of patient transport to and from Stobhill it would be okay</td>
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<td>- What types of beds are they in Care Homes, what are acute and what are community</td>
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<td>- Who is staffing care homes, is it the clinical and nursing staff from acute services</td>
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<td>- People have a negative view of care homes</td>
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<td>- There needs to be follow-up post discharge to keep people at home</td>
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<td>- Are the step-down beds local</td>
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<td>- Lightburn is local and the environment is therapeutic</td>
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<td>- Can Lightburn be used to supplement the proposal</td>
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<td>- What about costs associated with care homes, do people have to pay, will they lose welfare payments</td>
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<td>- Is there enough staff in care homes</td>
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<td>- Can Cordia staff come into care homes to help with the transition back to home</td>
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<td>- Parkhead Hub not useful in the context of this proposal</td>
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<td>- Has the decision already been made</td>
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<td>- Why not invest in Lightburn</td>
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<td>- Can the money saved not be used to invest in Lightburn</td>
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<td>15 Nov</td>
<td>Lightburn Drop-in</td>
<td>- Carer, came by care, first time here, local to family member, its local to people in the area</td>
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<td>- Patient at clinic, visited people here also, care is marvellous here, never been to Stobhill so cannot compare</td>
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<td>- Outpatient, been previously, son brought by car as difficult to get here by public transport, nicer atmosphere than GRI, Stobhill is impressive</td>
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<td>- Carer, came with family member by taxi, Stobhill is easier to get to and nicer, less appointments would be better</td>
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<td>- Here with family member, came by taxi as two buses, if more can be done on one</td>
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| 15 Nov | Email  | - Valued and needed local hospital  
- Promised it would not be closed  
- Transport to other sites is difficult  |
| 18 Nov | Email  | - Parkinson’s service at Lightburn makes a big difference compared to big hospitals  |
| 28 Nov | Email  | - Movement Disorder Clinic Feedback  
- Does not want Parkinson’s clinic to move from Lightburn  
- Does not want closure but if so GRI preferred  
- Prefer Lightburn but GRI better than Stobhill  
- Prefer the GRI over Stobhill  
- Would prefer it to stay at Lightburn  
- Prefer the GRI over Stobhill  
- Prefer Stobhill as closer  
- Would prefer investment to make Lightburn more modern  
- Happy with Lightburn  
- Prefer the GRI over Stobhill  |
| 29 Nov | Email  | - Local and valued community facility  |
| 29 Nov | Email  | - High quality care at Lightburn  
- Valued local facility  
- Stobhill difficult to reach by public transport  
- Should money have been spent on Lightburn post previous proposal  
- Can the sight be redeveloped to meet proposal’s aims  |
| 29 Nov | Email  | - Lightburn is an excellent local facility, very good staff and high standard of care  |
| 30 Nov | Email  | - Five emails with same content received:  
- Previously saved by Scottish Government, no fundamental change since then, or any investment in Lightburn  
- Local hospital and in-line with national policy to have local services  
- Stobhill not accessible by public transport to people in East End  
- East End has poor health status and needs services  
- What are plans for local Parkinson’s services  
- No timescale for Parkhead Hub and can Lightburn site be used for this  
- How will the loss of 56 beds affect the local community  
- Care homes not a suitable alternative, will patients face costs for using them  |
| 30 Nov | Email  | - Movement disorder service at Lightburn exceptional, could not be relocated elsewhere  |
| 01 Dec | Email  | - Valuable local hospital, provides excellent care to  
- East End has health inequalities, more cost to travel to Stobhill, less accessible and takes more time  
- No change since 2011 proposal, no investment, can Lightburn site be invested in and used to for other means  
- Is there a plan for the provision of outpatient services, will these be a permanent solution  
- Loss of 56 beds, cannot cope with volume of patients and targets missed, will this add to this  
- No investment in the East End  |
| 02 Dec | Email  | - Vital local service, plays huge part in the community, Health Board should invest in Lightburn  |
| 02 Dec | Email  | - No investment in Lightburn following previous proposal has raised concerns  
- Should invest in Lightburn site as hub  
- Excellent care and people have confidence in staff at Lightburn  |
| 05 Dec | Email  | - Local community hospital in-line with national policy  
- No fundamental change since previous proposals  
- Stobhill difficult to access  
- Plans for local Parkinson’s group  
- No approval for Parkhead Hub proposal  |
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| 05 Dec     | Email     | - If a clinical case then why is Lightburn still being used
  - No investment in Lightburn
  - Health inequalities in East End require investment
  - Perception of care homes and potential charges for use
  - Who provides personal and clinical care in care homes
  - Local housing is not suitable for older people
  - Ward environment is better to prevent isolation, and safer e.g. falls
  - If model currently working without access to other services e.g. scans then why change it
  - This is about cost saving
  - Where are care homes situated and will the medical staff spend more time travelling
  - Lightburn needs upgrading as has staff and services in situ
  - There is lack of support to keep people at home
  - Family carers are not valued
  - Benefits can be stopped with extended periods in hospital or care homes |
| 06 Dec     | Email     | - What is the possibility and timescale for Parkhead Hub, would it not be better to and more cost effective to invest in Lightburn
  - Where will Parkinson’s patients go and has transport been investigated
  - Who has made the decision to close the hospital, have doctors nurses etc been involved in process |
| 20 Nov     | Correspondence | - Response from Anas Sarwar MSP
  - No good clinical reason for any of the proposals, changes should be submit to the cabinet secretary for decision |
| 05 Dec     | Correspondence | - Response from Ivan McKee MSP
  - The existence of Lightburn is consistent with policy of keeping services as local as possible
  - Lightburn is regarded as a valuable local facility by the local community
  - Lightburn fulfils a particular need, generated by the socio-economic profile of the area, for health care services to be available locally
  - Lightburn removes barriers and disincentives which patients would encounter if required to attend a large acute hospital some distance away. It optimises access to health care in a deprived community
  - Local services such as those at Lightburn, provide the most effective rehabilitation
  - Facilities like Lightburn prevent inappropriate admissions to acute hospital
  - The benefits to patients, of the closure of Lightburn, are neither clear nor compelling.
  - What transport arrangements are in place for patients to attend day hospital sessions in Stobhill?
  - What are the plans for outpatient services prior to the completion of the envisaged community health hub?
  - What guarantees are there that the community health hub will be completed, and what is the planned timescale?
  - NHSGGC has stated that, from a clinical perspective, all of the patients currently in Lightburn would be better served in an alternative setting, either transferred to their own homes, transferred to a care home, or transferred to an acute hospital.
  - Can the Health Board state how many of the current patients in Lightburn would be transferred to each of those destinations were Lightburn to be closed?
  - How does the Board plan to manage the loss of 56 inpatient beds?
  - For the patients for who transfer to their own home is the best solution why is this not being enacted already?
  - What support will be in place for those patients and their families?
  - One of the arguments for relocation of Inpatients to an acute hospital is the provision of other medical services which are not currently available at Lightburn.
  - Can the NHSGGC state how many times inpatients at Lightburn were required to access these services over the past year?
  - For those patients that transfer to a care home, what are measures will be in place to ensure decisions regarding discharge home are determined by the patient’s clinical needs, rather than the care home’s financial considerations?
  - What assessment has been done in respect of visitors to Lightburn, their current modes of transport, and how transfer to Gartnavel or Stobhill will impact on this?
  - What provisions are being put in place to support Parkinson’s patients prior to the
One of the stated aims of National Clinical Strategy is to work to reduce health inequalities. Three of the four lowest SIMD codes in all of Scotland lie within the immediate vicinity of Lightburn. Can the NHSGGC explain how reducing levels of health care provision in the most deprived communities in Scotland helps to reduce health inequalities?

What is the Health Boards estimate of cost savings which can be made by the closure of Lightburn Hospital, taking into account the cost of patients spending longer in more expensive acute hospitals?

What is the resale value of the Lightburn site?

What is the resale value of the Parkhead site, currently identified as the potential site for the proposed new community health hub?

- Detailed description of all Services delivered at Lightburn Hospital and who accesses them i.e. where do they come from? Is it a genuine East End Service? Or is it a City Wide Service?
- Detailed description of the post and jobs for all staff at Lightburn Hospital and where they come from geographically.
- Is this a loss of jobs in the East End?
- Confirmation of the expenditure in Lightburn Hospital in total and broken down by Service Area.
- Description of all the alternatives proposed for each of the Services detailed above.
- Detailed description of where staff would be redeployed to deliver these Services.
- Confirmation that if staff is redeployed to deliver Services elsewhere, these will be part of the long staff establishment and not reduced as the staff leave.
- A breakdown of how the Lightburn budget will be deployed to augment Services and not used as a means of rebadging and reducing existing budgets by the back door.
- We require a detailed travel plan that highlights how there will be no increased transport difficulties for people in the East End.
- We welcome the Capital Investment (Parkhead Hub) but not as a sweetener to get the agreement to the closure of Lightburn Hospital and long term re-occurring budget cuts.
- What’s delivered from the Health & Social Care Hub cannot be agreed by the Politician’s alone and must be supported by the East End Communities.
- No final decision should be made on Lightburn Hospital until all decisions are shared with MSP’s and Councillors.
- Detailed briefing sessions need to be set up for the East End Councillors.
- A detailed consultation session based on the above information in all wards and detailed notes kept of Communities wishes and aspirations must be arranged.
- Any change needs to be agreed through a genuine Community Participatory Planning Process and not by Officials and Quango’s.
- The bottom line needs to be - no job cuts - particularly in the East End.
- There will be no financial cuts on the back of the proposals.
- No loss of Services across the City on the back of the rebadging of these resources.
- A genuine detailed Community Engagement where all options are on the table.
- Investment in Parkhead and the proposed closure of Lightburn Hospital should be separate and should be considered on their own merit.

- Response from Councillor Alistair Watson, Labour Group Business Manager
- Lightburn valuable local East End Service and important resource
- Decision should be made by Cabinet Secretary
- No investment in Lightburn
- Services should be delivered locally in the East End
- Public transport is changing in the East End further restricting access to other sites

- Response from local housing association
- Value of locally provided health services
- Welcome investment of Hub in East End, what are the timescales, Lightburn should be made available until these are realised
- Lack of community transport means access to medical appointments are difficult

- Response from Councillor Maureen Burke
- NORTH EAST - WARD 21
- Detailed description of all Services delivered at Lightburn Hospital and who accesses them i.e. where do they come from? Is it a genuine East End Service? Or is it a City Wide Service?
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<tr>
<th>06 Dec</th>
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<td></td>
<td>- People with Parkinson’s and carers who use the service at Lightburn have significant concerns about the impact of the proposed closure on the highly valued Parkinson’s outpatient service currently based at Lightburn</td>
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<td>- lack of accessibility of potential replacement sites for the Parkinson’s outpatient service, as well as for other outpatient services provided there</td>
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<td>- the impact of the loss of local inpatient beds on older people in their community, this may include themselves if they should require inpatient care</td>
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<td>- The Parkinson’s service at Lightburn offers an integrated multi disciplinary rehabilitation team</td>
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<td>- This type of service is essential to good Parkinson’s care because the condition is very complex</td>
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<td>- At Lightburn, people with Parkinson’s have onsite access to: a consultant with an interest in Parkinson’s, a Parkinson’s Nurse Specialist, allied health professionals including occupational therapists, physiotherapists and speech and language therapists.</td>
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<td>- Service meets the requirements of Clinical Standards for Neurological Health Services and provides care close to home, minimises multiple hospital attendances, in line with Government policy.</td>
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<td>- Service allows the consultant or specialist nurse to make same-day, same-site, referrals to colleagues in the multi-disciplinary team. This means that: issues are promptly identified and addressed, emergency admissions are prevented, missed appointments are very rare</td>
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<td>- People who use the service talk about how welcoming it is. They highlight the high-quality, person-centred nature of the care they receive, and the importance of providing local and accessible support, particularly for people who are older and more frail.</td>
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<td>- Parkhead Hub does not have funding, no timescale and not a suitable replacement facility</td>
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<td>- A change of venue will affect the quality of care provided</td>
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<td>- Public transport issues to Stobhill from East End</td>
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<td>- How will loss of 56 inpatient beds affect capacity in the area</td>
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<td>- Care homes don’t offer on-site access to services in the proposal, how is it therefore appropriate replacement, what will the staff ratios be in care homes and how will care be provided</td>
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